



TRILATERAL
EUREGIO CLUSTER



Atomic data for Be and W used in simulations by the ERO code

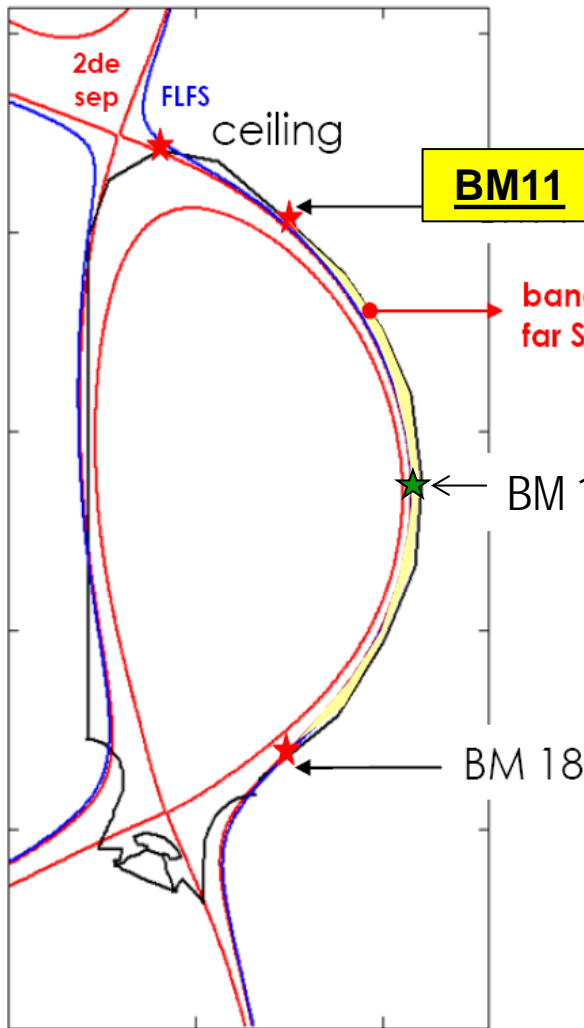
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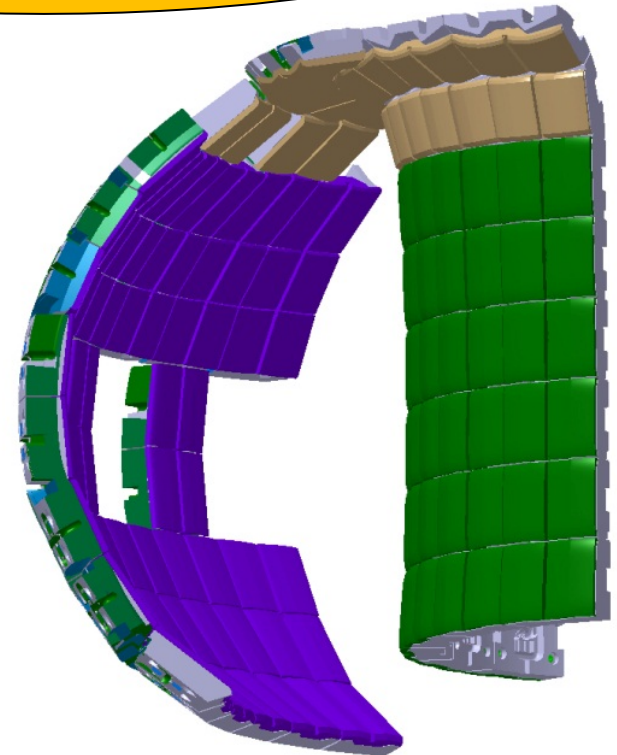
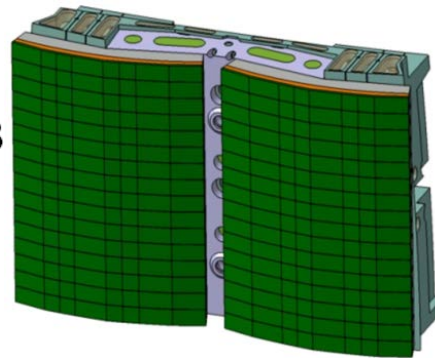
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FLFS close to 2nd separatrix =>
First PFC **life time** estimates assuming
limiter-like contact on outboard BM11

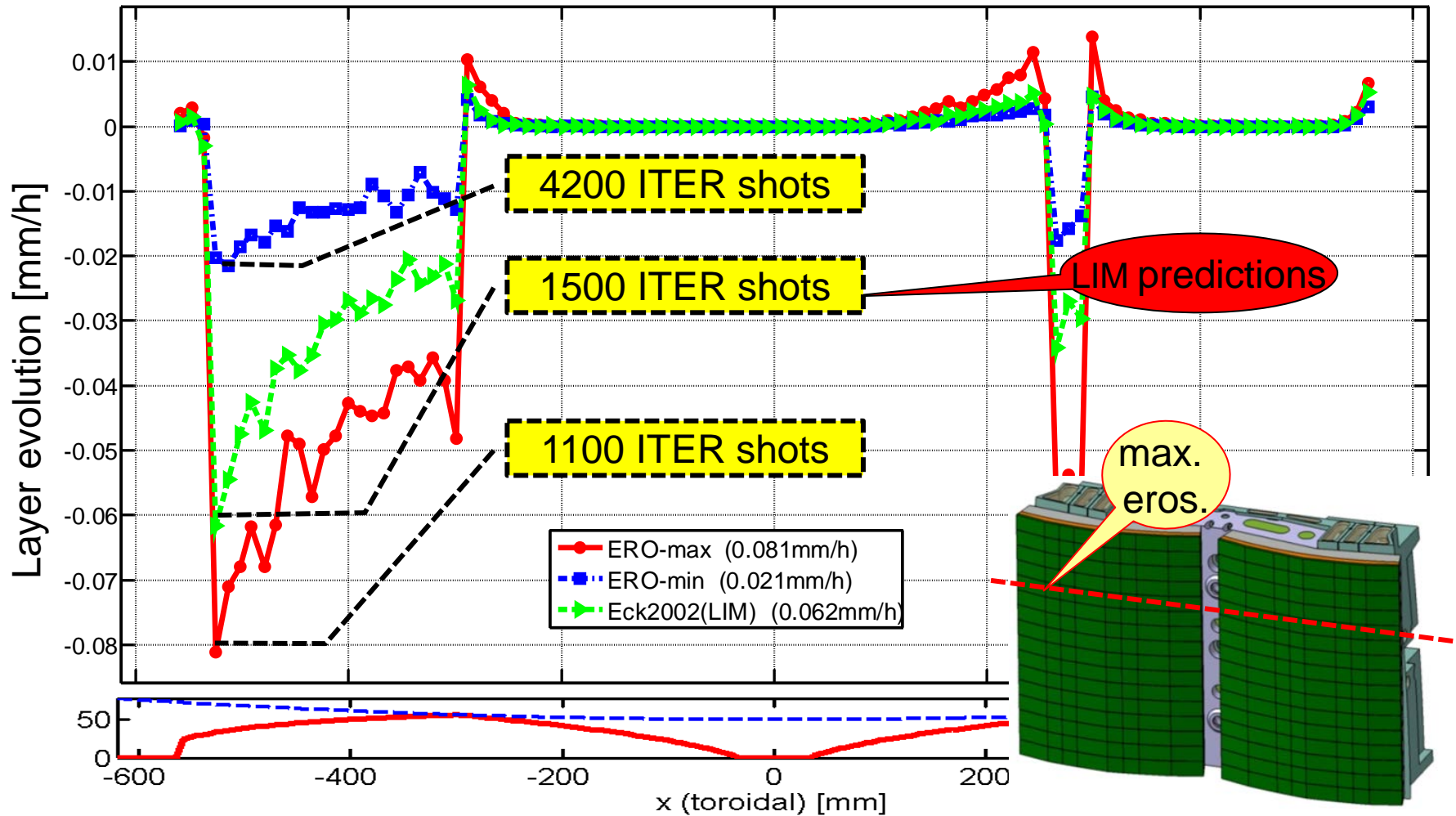
Be
+ low Z
- high erosion



- Blanket module (BM) shapes optimized for heat loads (P.C. Stangeby)

Aim – predictive modelling of
ITER, including first wall life time

BM11, 'HDC': net erosion (deposition) profile at $y=-187\text{mm}$

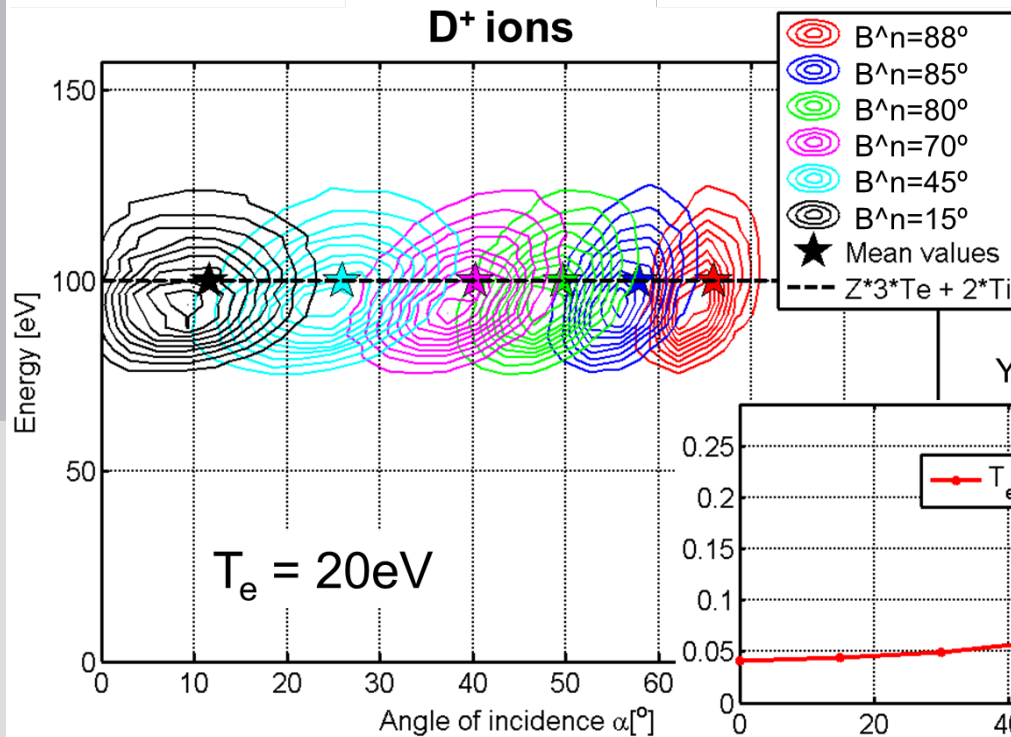


Sputtering data determined the outcome!

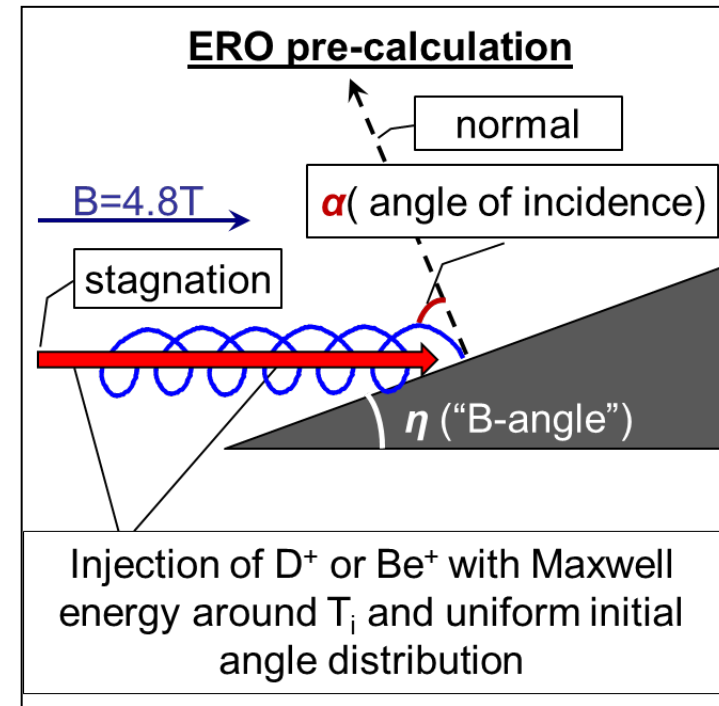
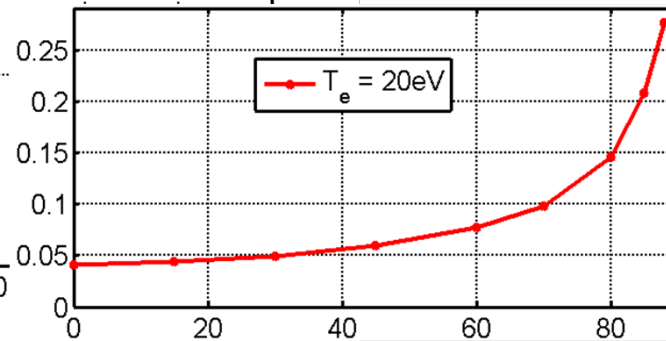
PFMC-2011

“integration” produces effective sputter yields:

$$Y(E_{in}, \alpha_{in}) = Y(E_{in}, 0) * A(E_{in}, \alpha_{in})$$

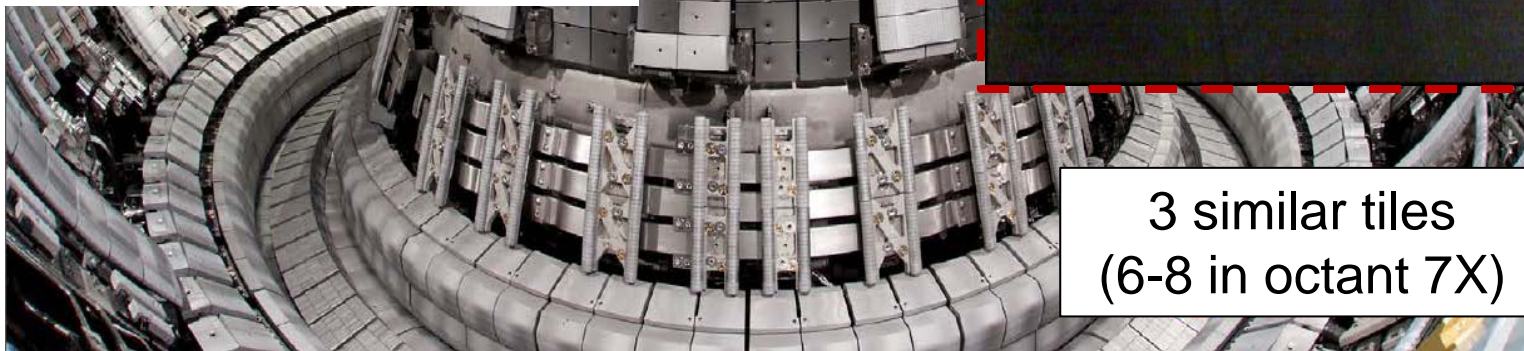
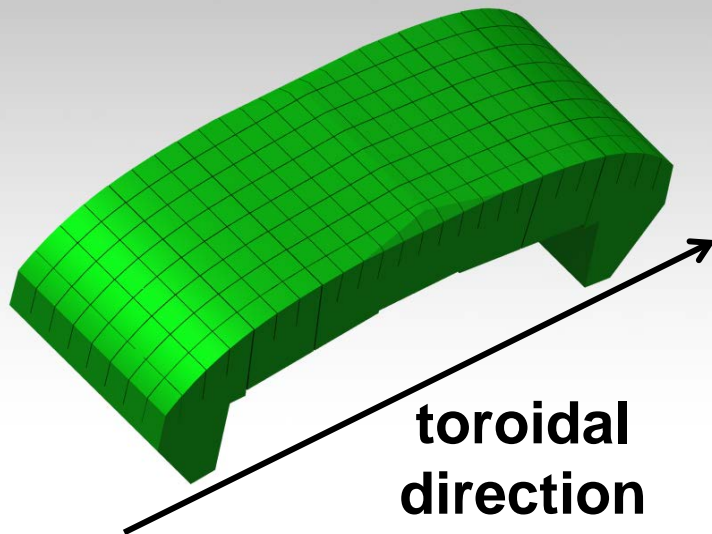
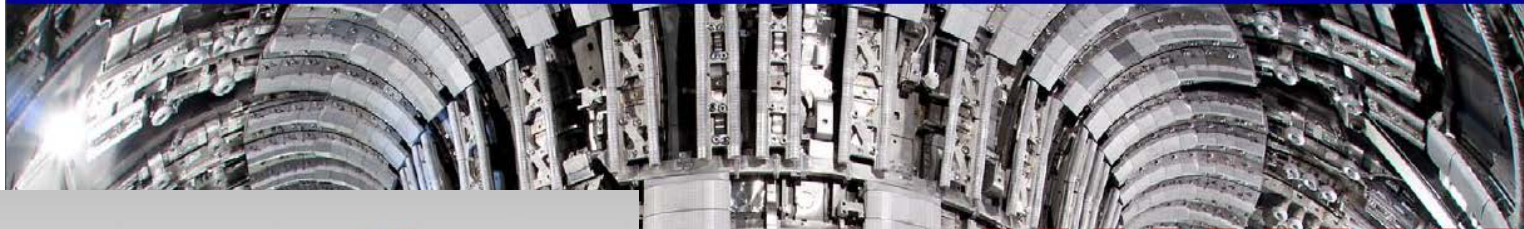


Yield, “ERO-Max”



„ERO-min“ –
MD/BCA data
for 50% D
surface content

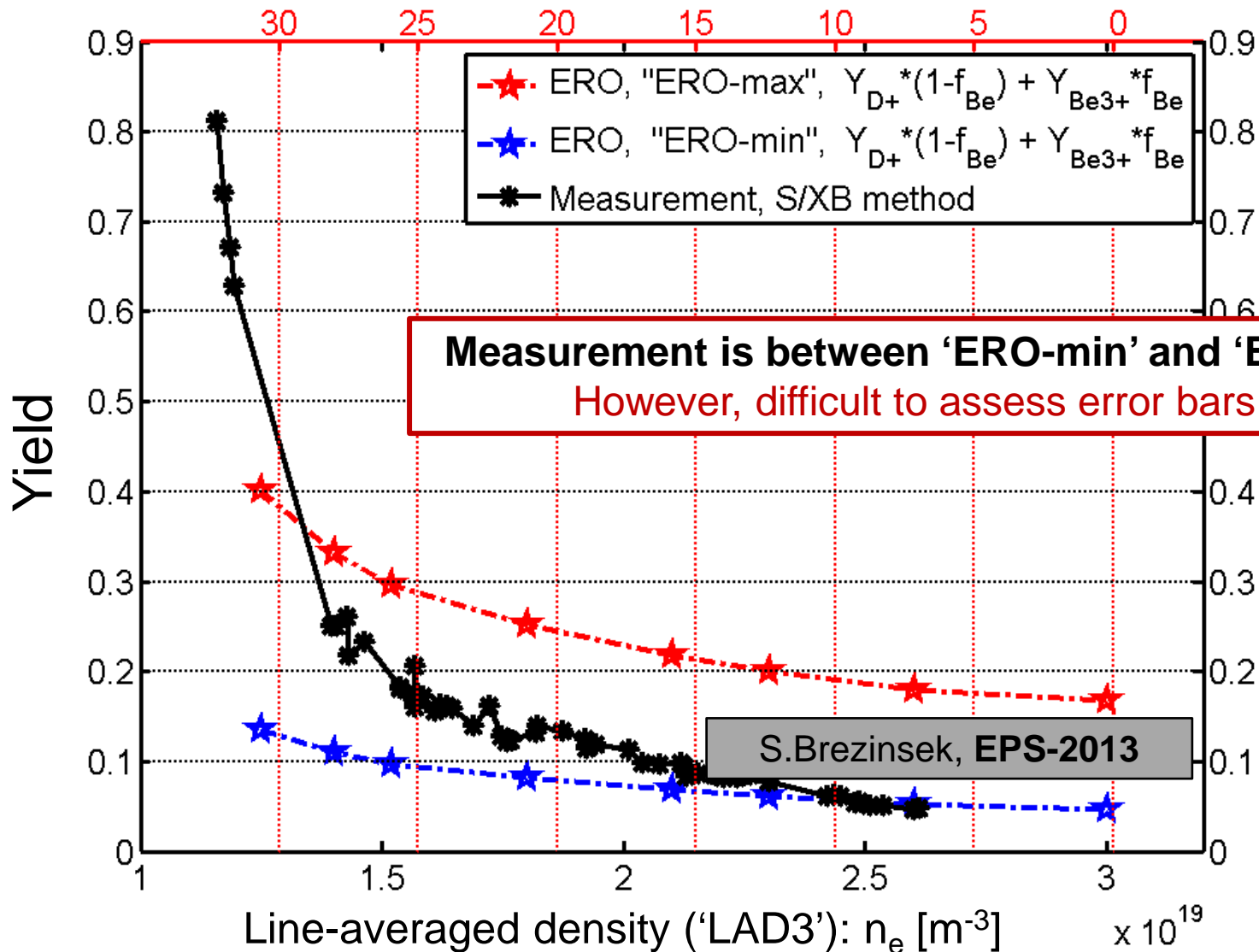
1. JET-ILW Be/W ITER-like Wall completed - 8th May 2011

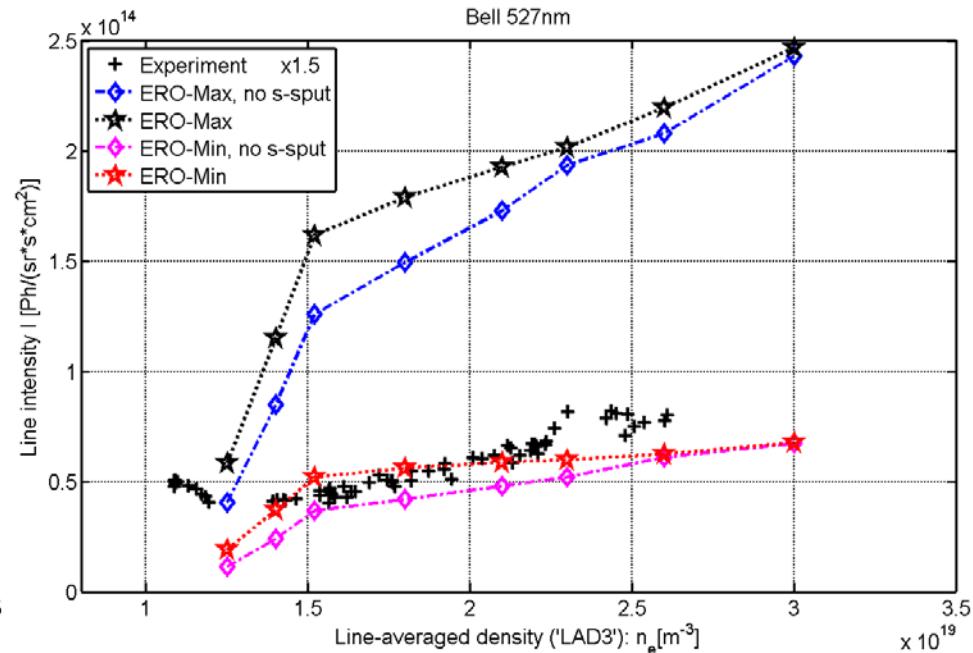
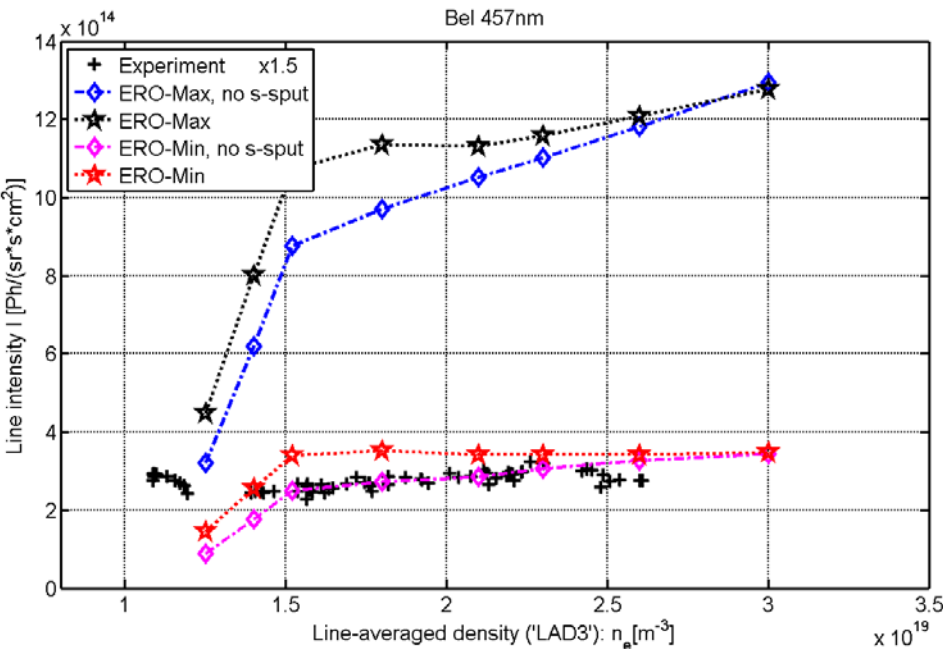


3 similar tiles
(6-8 in octant 7X)

Effective **empiric** T_e [eV], from the Bell line ratios

PFMC-2013



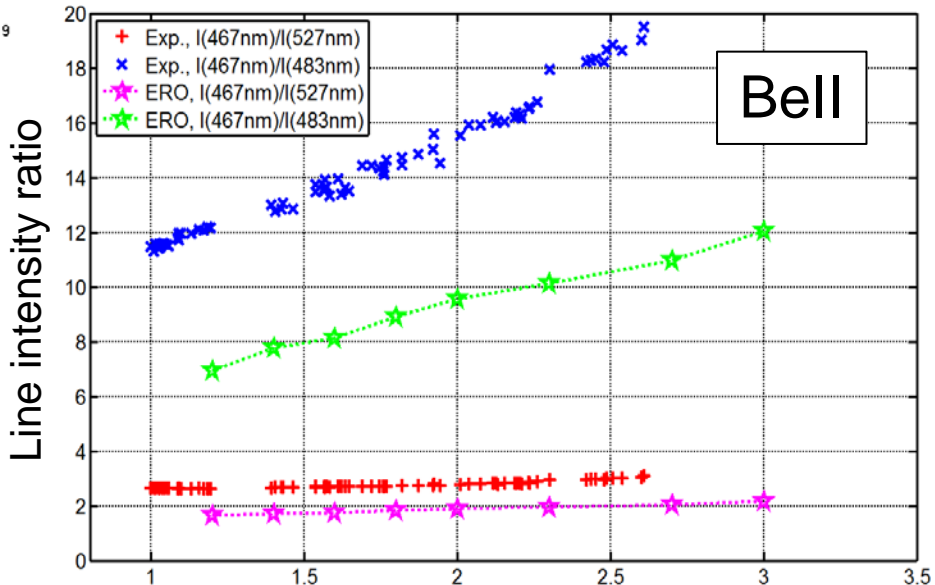
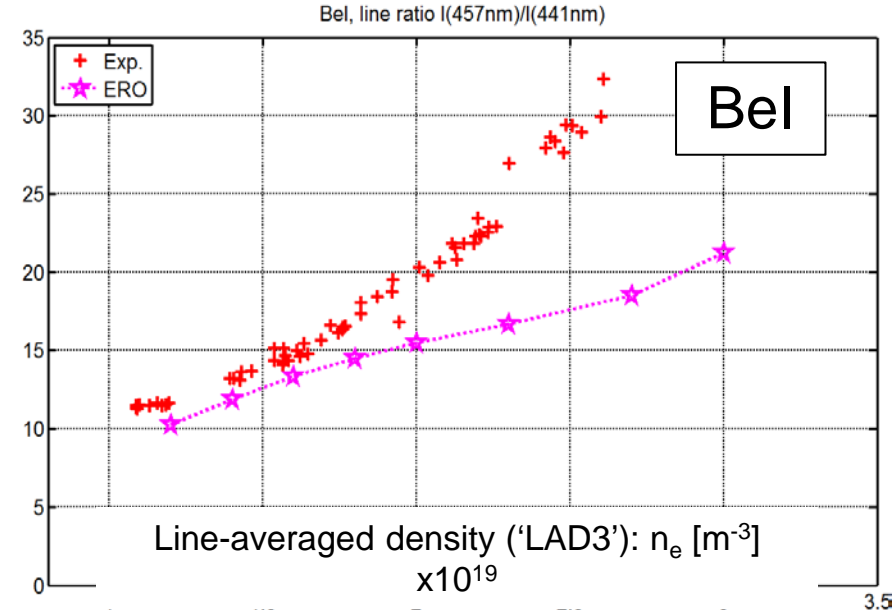
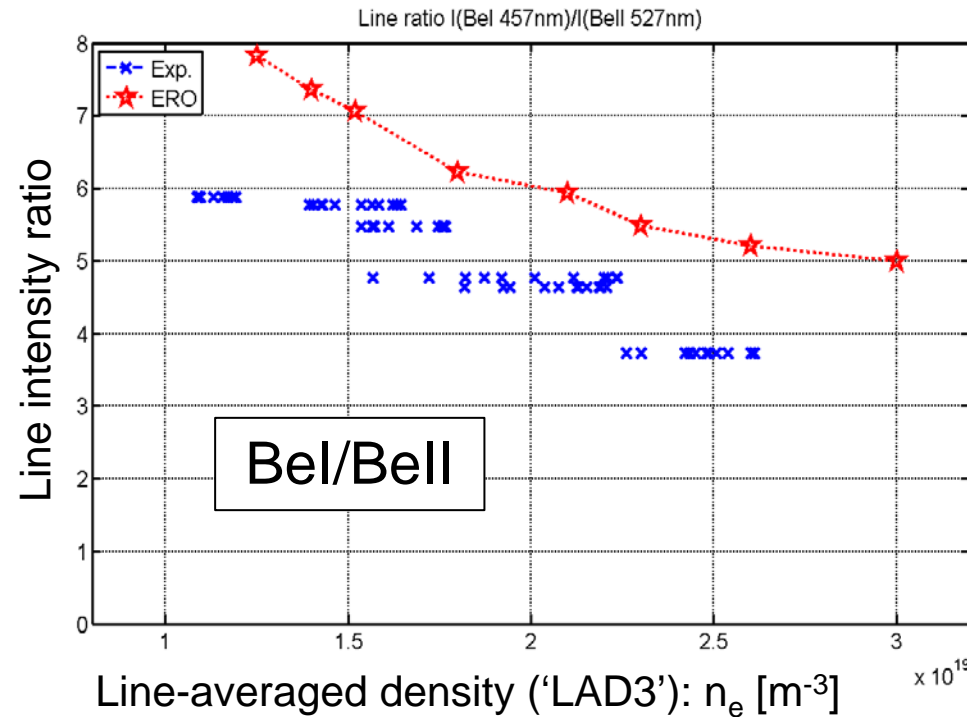


PFMC-2013

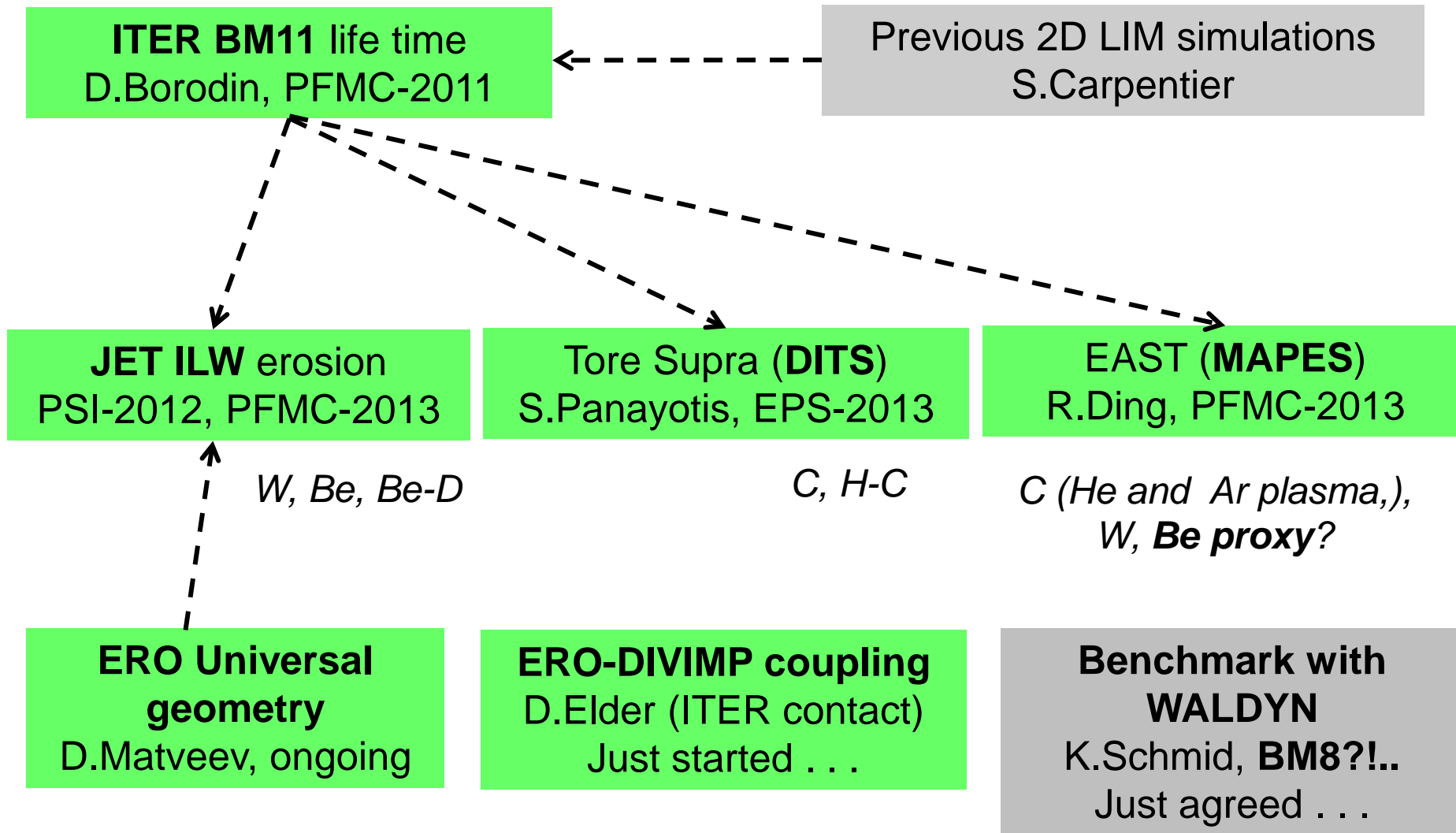
- 1) „ERO-Min“ still about factor 1.5 too large!
- 2) Effect of self-sputtering is reasonable but not as significant as should be.
- 3) Growing trend reproduced

D-flux correction by D_γ
Increases this by 50%!
So, factor 2-3!!!

Lower yields „ERO-min“ correspond to 50% D surface content . . .



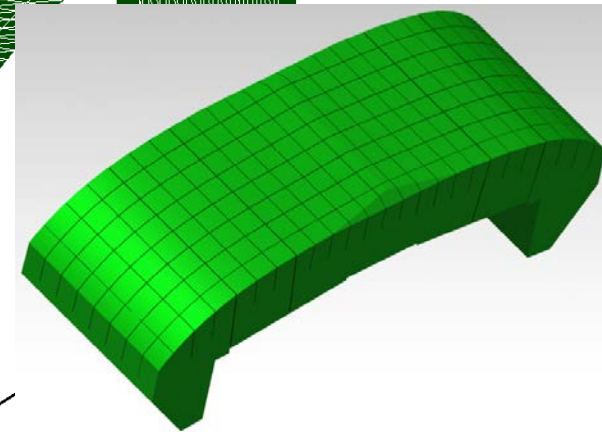
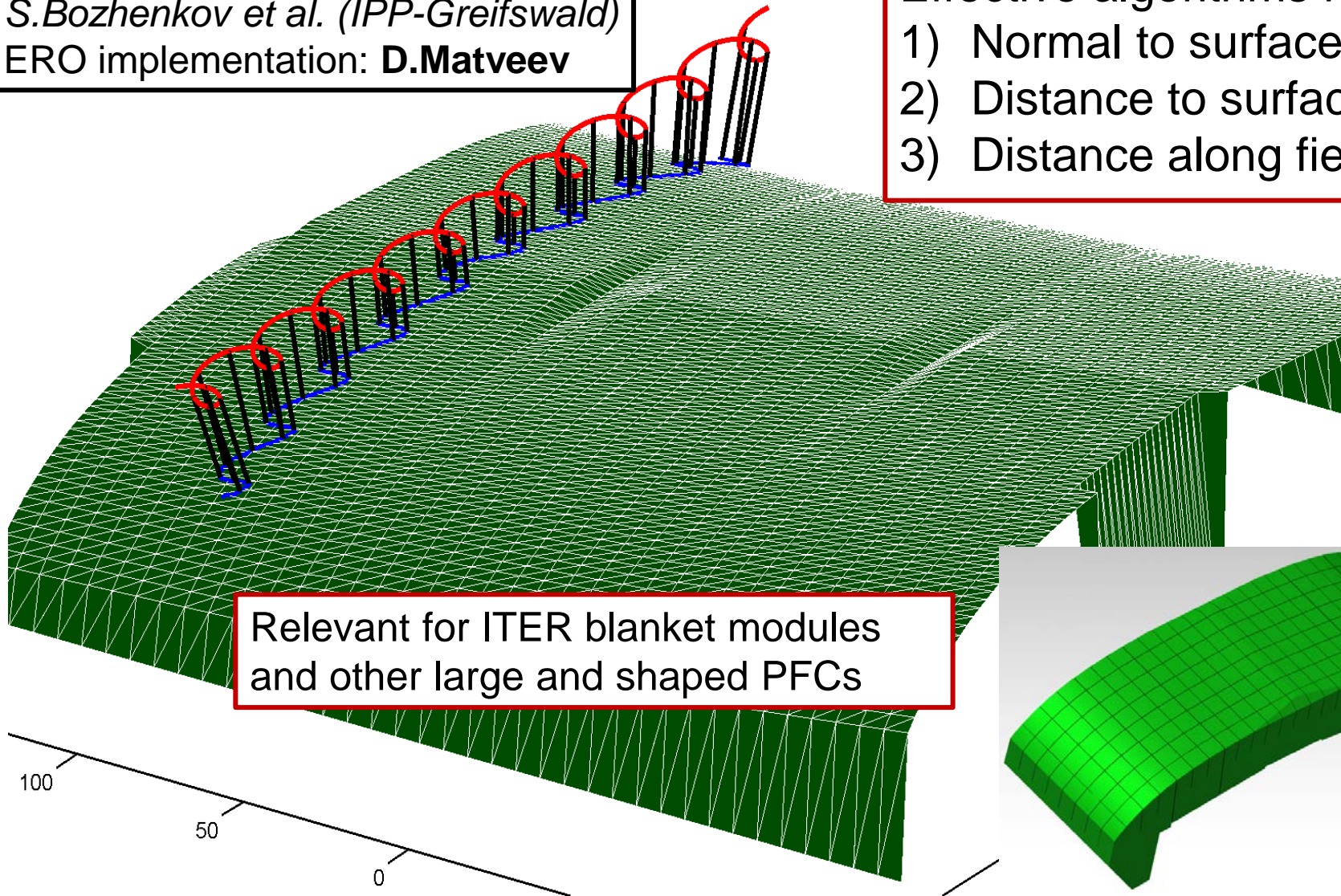
Atomic data (ADAS '96'), 3D plasma parameter configuration and ERO simulated Be transport and plasma parameter lead to line ratio agreement within factor 2 or even better!



Based on 'MeshLib' library
S.Bozhenkov et al. (IPP-Greifswald)
ERO implementation: **D.Matveev**

Effective algorithms for:

- 1) Normal to surface
- 2) Distance to surface
- 3) Distance along field line



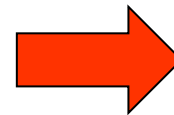
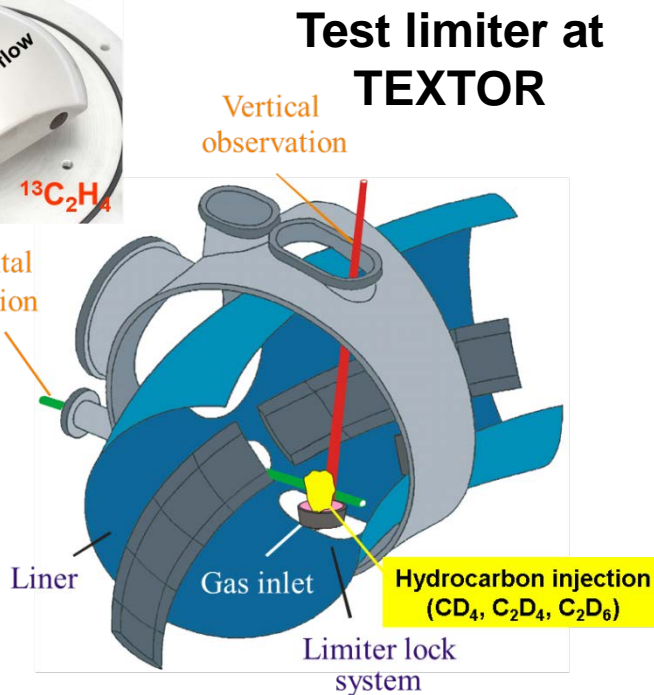
- 1) Over 20 years of development, worth general re-thinking
- 2) Many developers (physicists!)
- 3) Code performance issues
- 4) Code structure / readability issues
- 5) Well-established tool for ITER predictions
- 6) Well benchmarked against various experiments

Massive parallelization

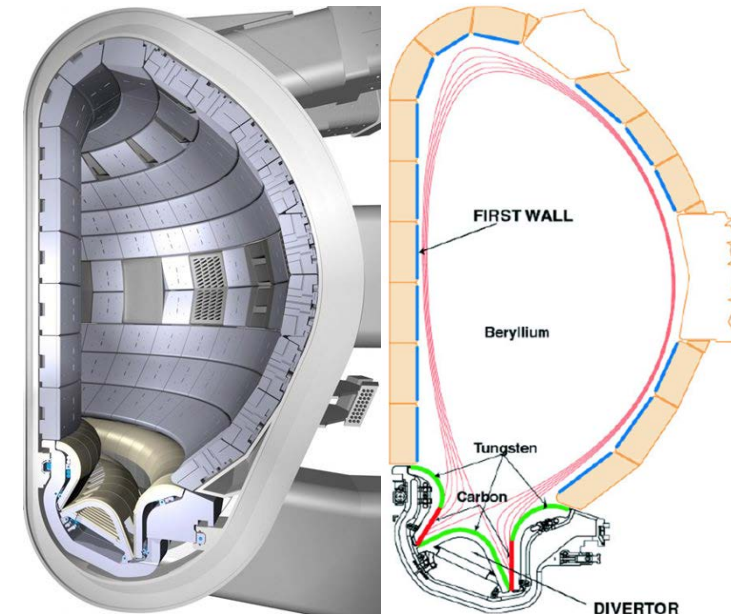
Aim: 'full-scale' device simulations w/o sacrifice of detail:

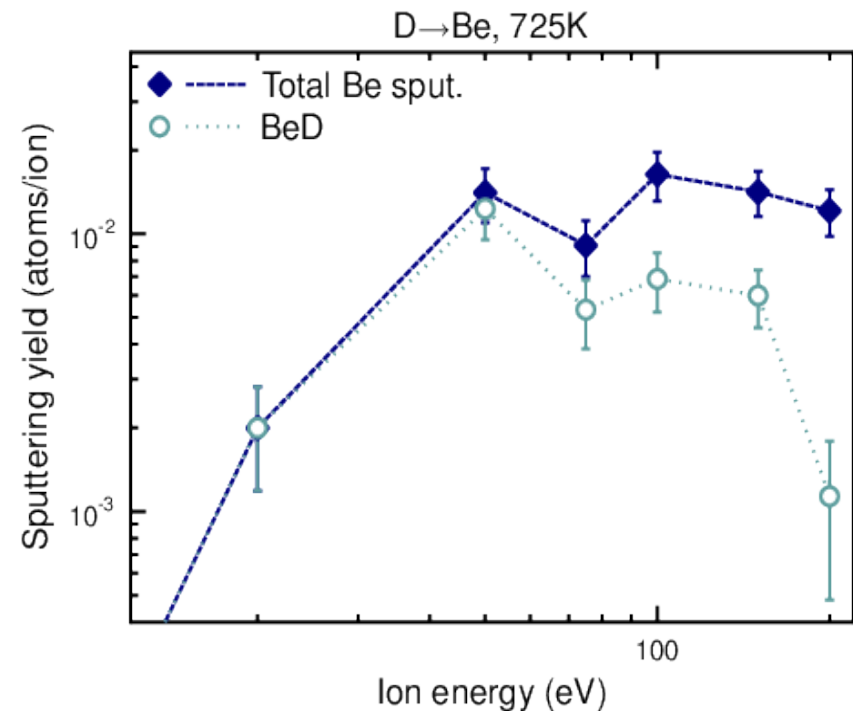
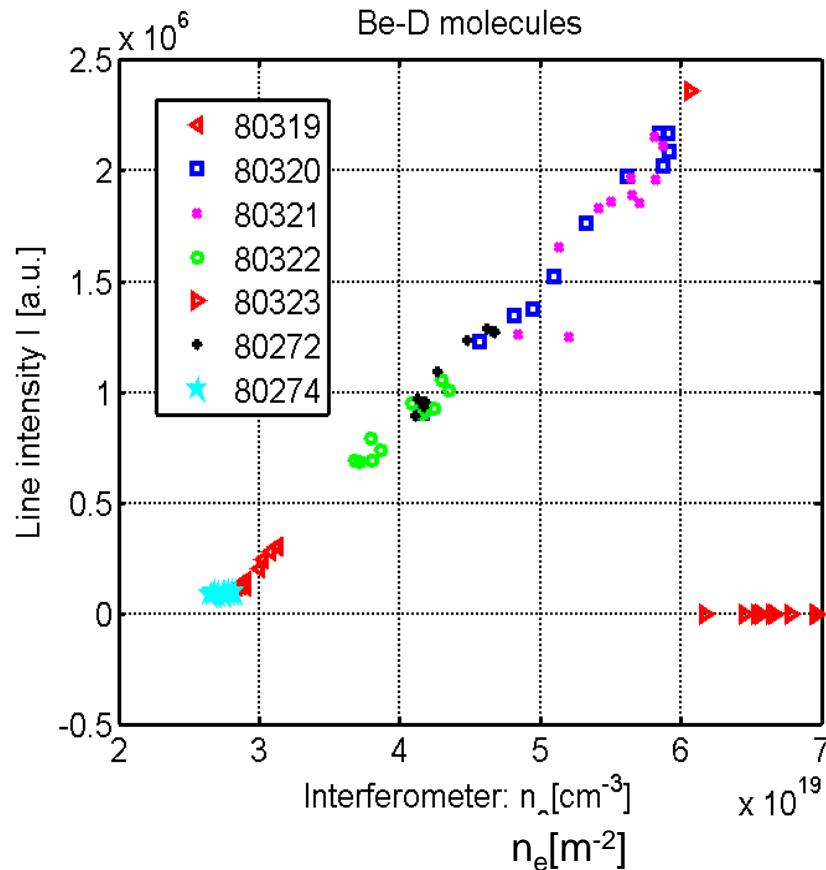


Horizontal observation



ITER

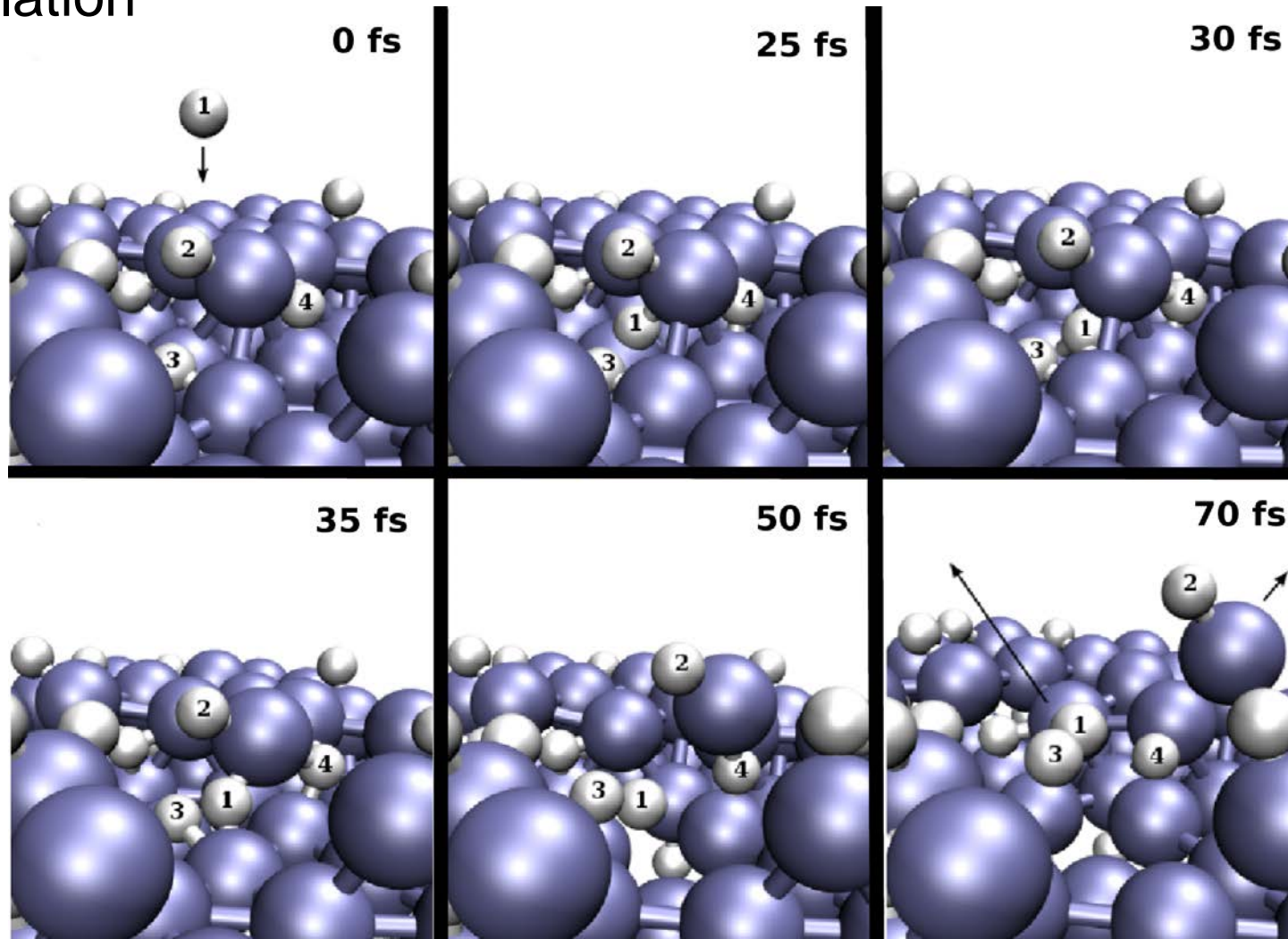




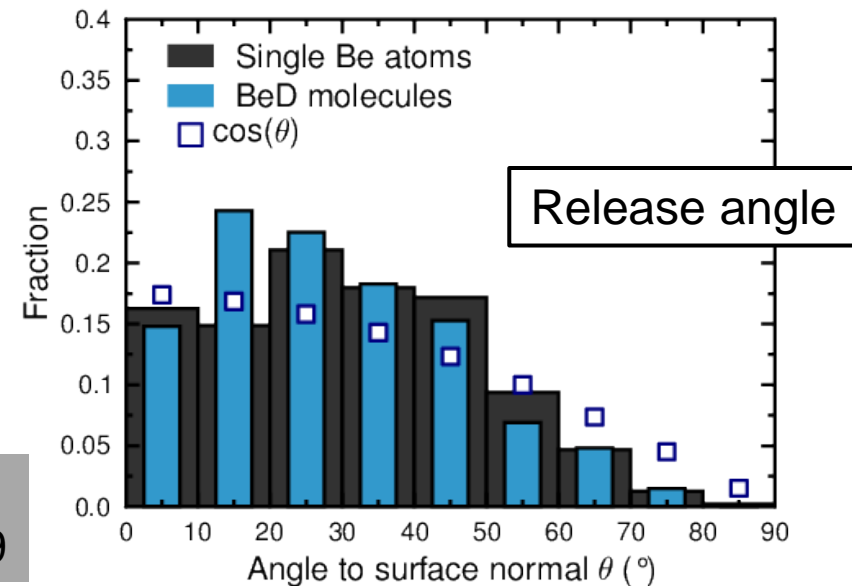
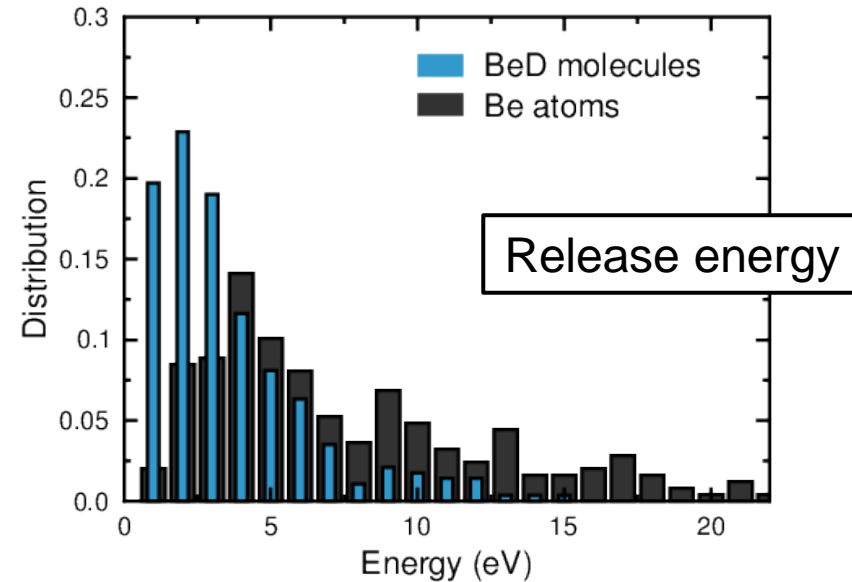
Be-D implementation in ERO –
C.Bjoerkas et al, PSI-2012

**May act as an important release mechanism, affecting other intensities ! ..
Further consideration is necessary.**

Snapshots of a single sputtering as an illustration for MD simulation



- BeD yield:
 - 17% of total Be sputtering yield assumed in benchmark simulations for PISCES-B [*].
 - If surface T controlled, BeD fraction is ion energy dependent
- Sputtering and reflection:
 - MD: BeD sputters as single Be and has a low sticking
- Reactions in plasma:
 - BeD + e^- collision rates calculated

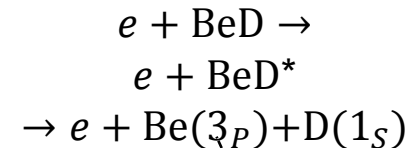
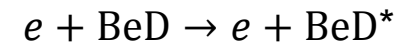
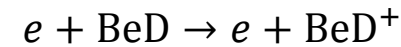


[*] C. Björkas et al., J. Nucl. Mater. (2013),
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jnucmat.2013.01.039>

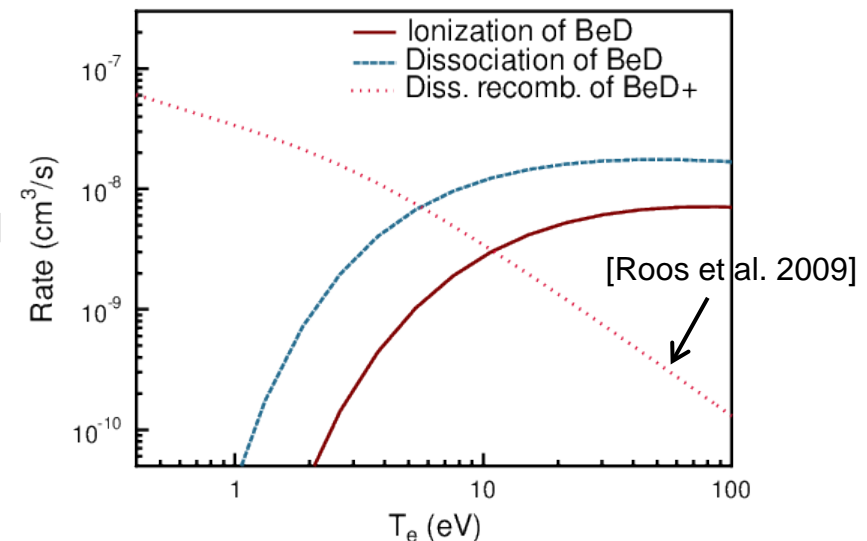
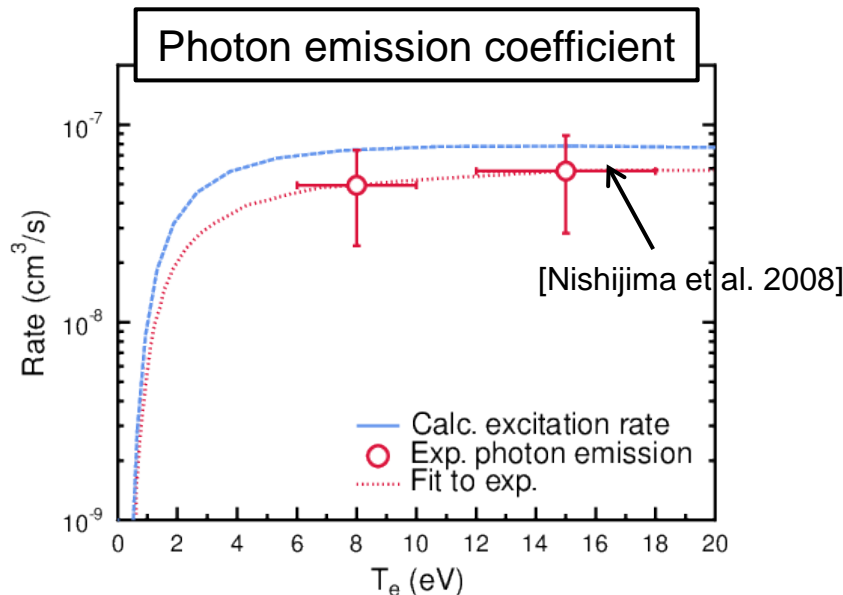
- BeD + e^- collision rates depend on T_e and vibrational state v
 - Assume $v=1$ and transitions $\Delta v=0$

Thanks for consultation to R.Janev

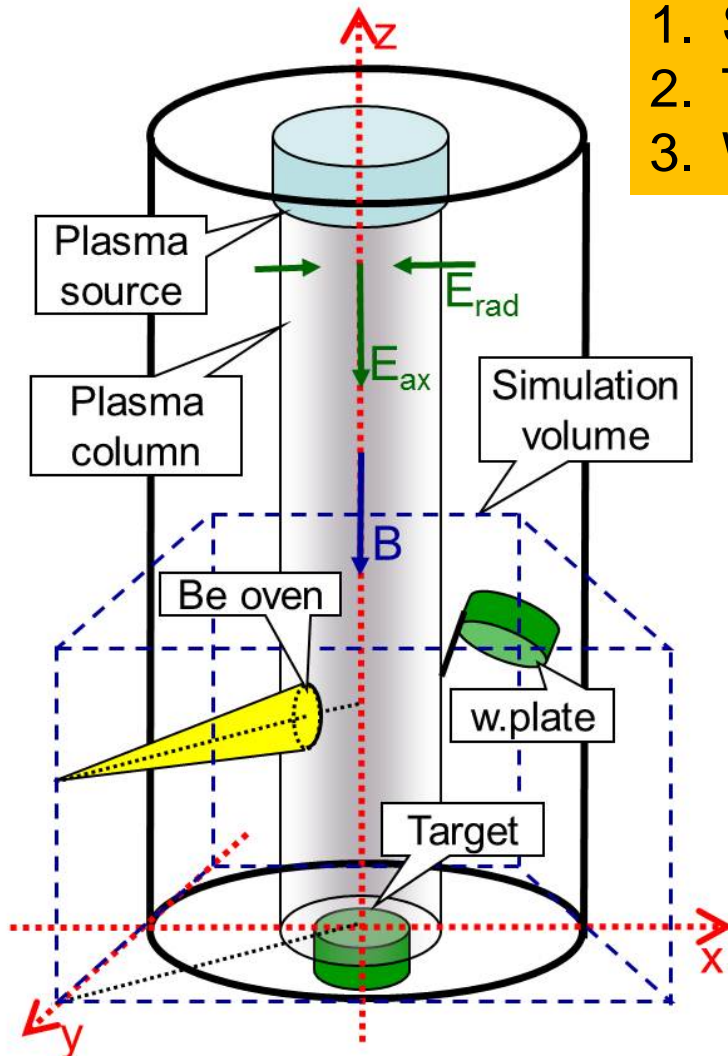
Important reactions



Metastable now!



PISCES-B



Perfect for Be sputtering yields benchmark

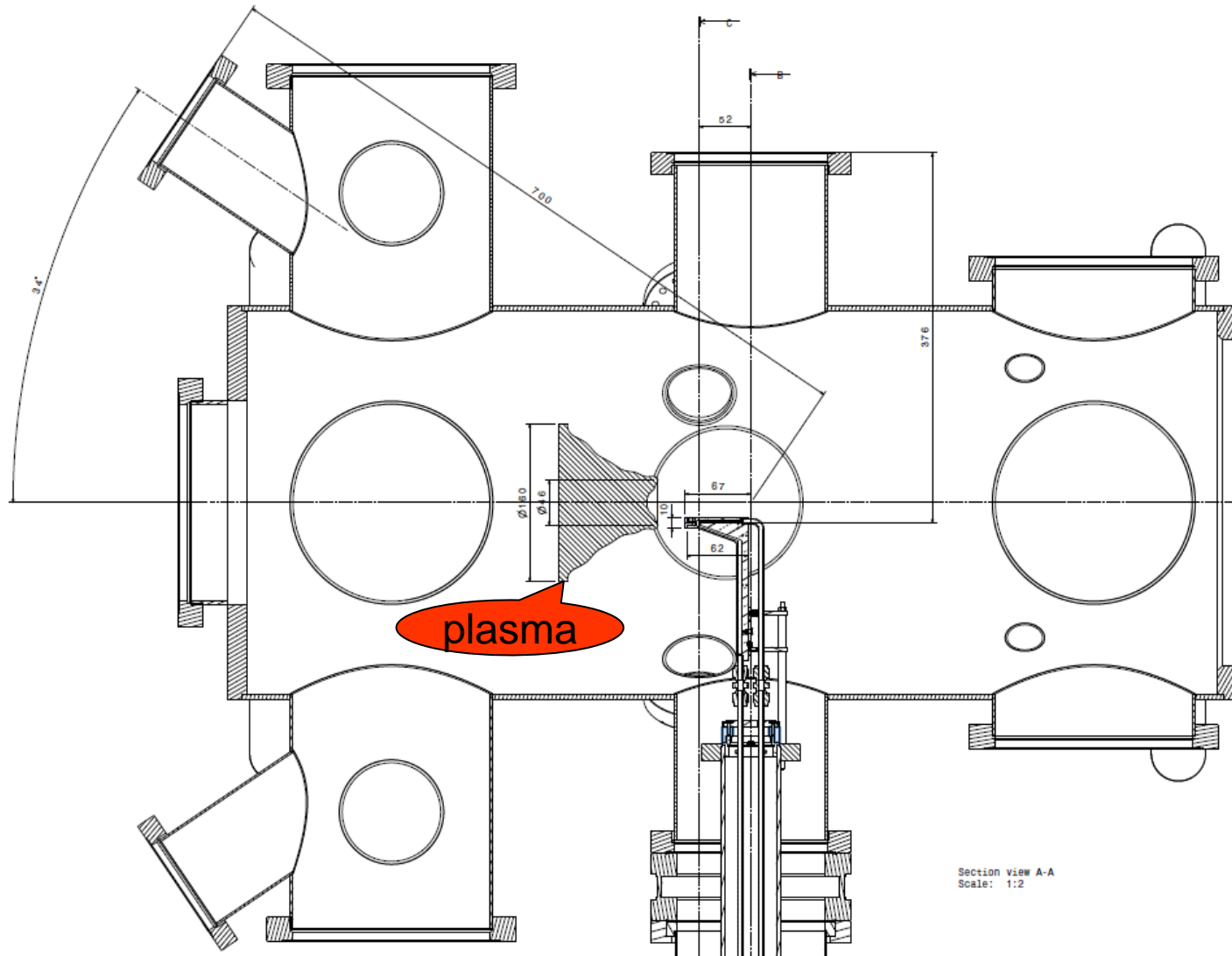
1. Spectroscopy
2. Target weight loss
3. Witness plate

Also Pilot-PSI
and JULE-PSI

Collaborations:
PISCES, FOM,
MePhI

Many physical effects
introduced into the ERO code:

- 1) Elastic collisions
- 2) Molecular ions (D^{2+} , D^{3+})
- 3) **Metastable states tracking**
- 4) Dissociative excitation for CH
- 5) **Be-D molecules release and decay in plasma**



Many
diagnostics,
target analysis
station

W
spectroscopy,
weight loss
M.Laegner
(FZJ)

Be proxy

ERO
simulations –
E.Marenkov
(MePhi)

Drawing: A.Terra

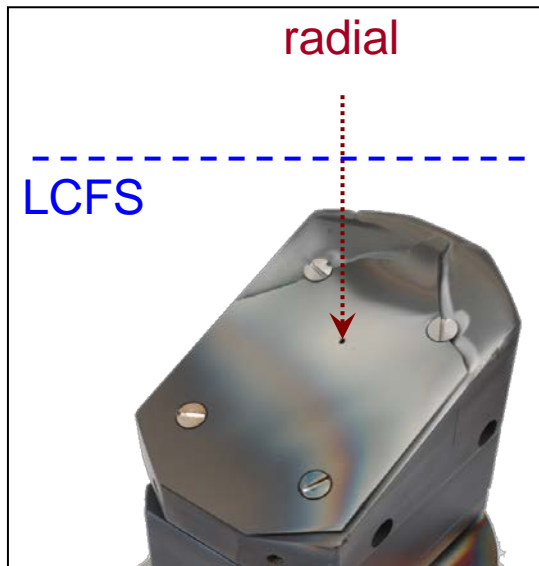
Physical issues: W influx, D/XB, erosion . . .

Sputtering experiments:

badly known amount of particles (weight loss, markers)

WF₆ injection:

Unknown dissociation, sticking rates and influence on emission



ERO: WF₆ injection, *roof limiter*

Dissociation data for WF₆ not available \Rightarrow in ERO:

inject W⁰ atoms & reduce ionisation rate for injected W⁰ to match observed W⁰ light

$$T_e(\text{LCFS}) = 30 \text{ eV}$$

$$n_e(\text{LCFS}) = 5 \times 10^{12} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

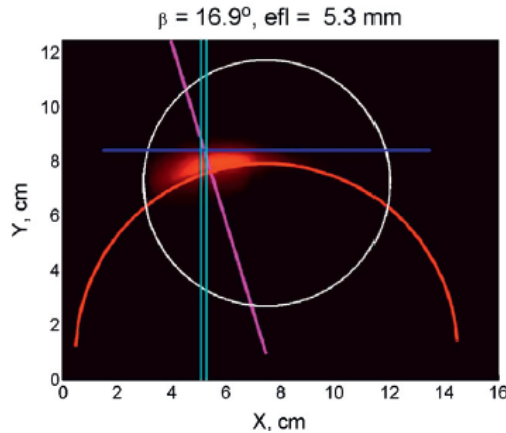
Ionisation rate for injected W⁰ reduced by factor of 100!!!

ERO needs:

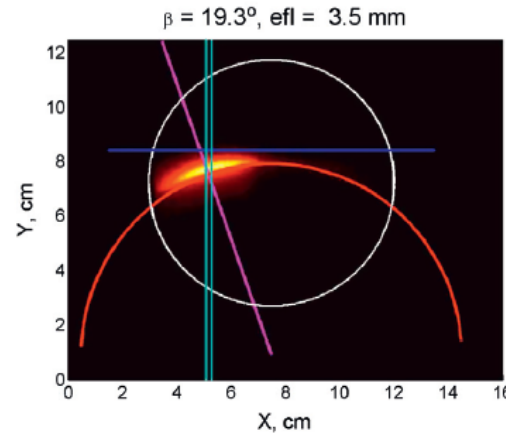
1) ionization of W⁰, W⁺, W²⁺, effective PECs for “convenient” lines of WI, WII

2) a way to treat metastables and W-F molecules

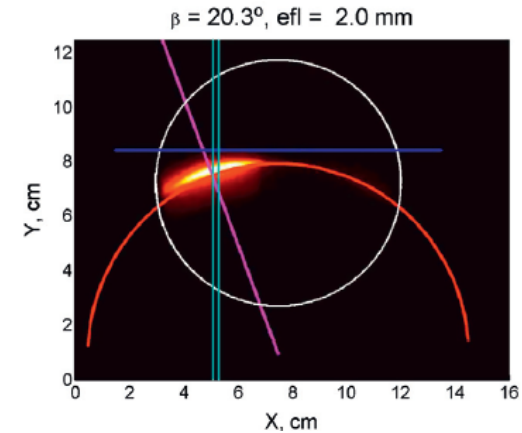
WI (400.9nm) light emission



Plasma cond. 1



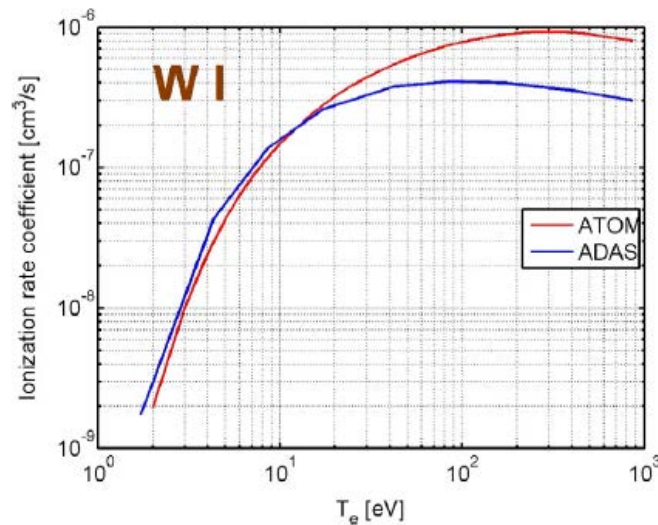
Plasma cond. 2



Plasma cond. 3



Fig. 1. W/C twin limiter after plasma exposure.



D. Kondratyev et al. /
Journal of Nuclear
Materials 438 (2013)
S351–S355

1) Atomic data (**Be** (proxy: **Al**, Mg), **W**, **C**, D, He, Ar, . . .)

- *Testing, reorganization, updating the database*
- *Metastable tracking (sofar only for Be)*
- *Tungsten, WF_6*

2) Molecular data

- Hydrocarbons – available (HYDKIN)
 - *ERO simulations for TEXTOR, Pilot-PSI, . . .*
- Be-D molecules release, decay and spectroscopy
 - *First ERO simulations for PISCES-B*
 - *Ongoing – JET ILW*

ERO – bridge between fundamental data and multiple spectroscopic plasma experiments!

The End